August 2024





Youth Mental Well-Being in Greater Cincinnati: A Collaborative Strategy

August 2024

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# Who are we?



We are a **diverse coalition** of over 300 community leaders, healthcare providers, educators, policymakers, families, and most importantly, youth, working to create a community that supports the **mental well-being of all youth** from ages 0-24 in Greater Cincinnati<sup>1</sup>, especially those facing the greatest barriers and disparities.

Notes: 1) We are focused on the 12 counties in the Greater Cincinnati MSA between Ohio and Kentucky. The counties in Kentucky include Boone, Bracken, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton. The counties in Ohio include Brown, Butler, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren.



# What do we mean by mental wellbeing?



We define mental well-being as the holistic relationship between **emotional**, **psychological**, **physical**, **and social experiences** that enables youth to feel agency and belonging, **cope with stress**, and **make informed decisions**—including those pertaining to **substance use**.

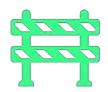


# Why did we form HEY! Greater Cincinnati?



#### Greater Cincinnati is experiencing an acute youth mental well-being crisis

- Youth suicide rates in Ohio increased 54% from 2012-2020, compared to a 29% increase nationwide.
- Challenges to mental well-being include decreased social connections, limited opportunities for socialemotional skill building, and a health system with limited capacity to meet the needs of the region's youth.
   Siloed funding makes it harder to provide resources where they are needed.



#### Marginalized youth face disproportionate barriers to well-being

- Black youth consistently face more risk factors, and worse mental well-being outcomes (e.g., in 2019, 16% of Black Ohio high schoolers attempted suicide compared to 4% of their white counterparts).
- LGBTQ+ and systems-involved youth also experience unique challenges impacting mental health outcomes (e.g., low availability of gender affirming care, high rates of child maltreatment).



#### The challenges are too complex for any one organization or sector to solve

- Improving mental well-being requires cooperation across the entire community.
- HEY! Greater Cincinnati leverages an array of **community expertise and perspectives** to build and implement a **youth-led strategy** to shift the barriers holding youth mental health and wellbeing problems in place.



Sources: 2022 Community Health Needs Assessment; Trauma-Informed Care Implementation Resource Center; Ohio Journal of Public Health; Mind the Gap; Behavioral Health in Ohio: An Overview of Opportunities; Child Trends; Interact for Health & Cohear Mental Health and Well-Being in Greater Cincinnati

# What challenges are contributing to this well-being crisis?



Many community, home, and school settings are not conducive youth thriving



Growing contemporary social issues are causing stress and changing community life

- Most youth do not have adequate access to safe, free community spaces outside of home and school.
- The adults in the lives of youth are often not equipped with the skills, resources, or tools to adequately prevent mental health challenges.

"I want the community to feel more communal. COVID-19 played a part in it – people don't know how to socialize anymore. We don't get that 1:1 in person communication anymore... It's hard to find a space where people can sit and hang together that doesn't involve money or alcohol." – M., White female, 18+

- Youth are constantly inundated with information about contemporary issues via social media, **amplifying their existing worries.**
- COVID-19 created new stressors for youth (e.g., loss of meaningful connection to a larger community).

"[We] keep on hearing about climate change and how it's just getting worse, and nothing is being done about it... And the rising cost of college and living expenses... There are a lot of daunting challenges that we're facing, not just as an individual but as a society today." - J., White male, 18+



The behavioral health system is strained and under resourced trying to meet increased needs

- Ohio and Kentucky have some of the **worst Medicaid reimbursement rates in the country**, making serving the most vulnerable youth unsustainable for many providers.
- 85% of Ohio counties and 98% of Kentucky counties are designated mental health professional shortage areas

"We pay for [insurance] privately and it's very expensive. Then we constantly get rejected. My son had two accidents last year and I was trying to get him to see a therapist ...It was very hard to find one that was available, that would take our insurance." — Local parent



Sources: <u>CDC Youth Risk Behaviors Survey 2021</u>; <u>OhioMHAS</u>; <u>Trauma-Informed Care Implementation Resource Center</u>; <u>Ohio Journal of Public Health</u>; <u>Mind the Gap</u>; <u>Behavioral Health in Ohio: An Overview of Opportunities</u>; <u>Child Trends</u>; <u>Ohio Department of Health</u>: <u>HPSA Map 2023</u>; <u>Rural Health Information Hub</u>: <u>Kentucky HPSAs</u>

# **Our Vision**



Vision: The Youth of Greater Cincinnati are valued and supported by the community and have a say in systems that help them achieve well-being.

Mission: We work with youth and system leaders from across sectors to institute practices, programs, and policies that respond to youth experiences and improve their mental well-being in schools, healthcare settings, home environments, and the community.

# What We Do

We are building a communitywide movement for change



Research: HEY conducted extensive research, completing a <u>Greater Cincinnati Youth</u> <u>Mental Well-Being Collaborative Needs Assessment</u> involving interviews, focus groups, and community meetings engaging over 300 stakeholders, including 60 youth

Coordinated Strategies: Over 200 community members, including 25 youth fellows and 13 funders, collaborated to develop our 10-year strategy across school systems, the community and caregivers, and mental health providers

**Collective Action**: HEY members work directly with youth leaders to develop programs, inspire practice changes, build community momentum, and mobilize resources towards shared strategic priorities

Advocacy: HEY's goals are also being advanced through education and advocacy that engages youth and members



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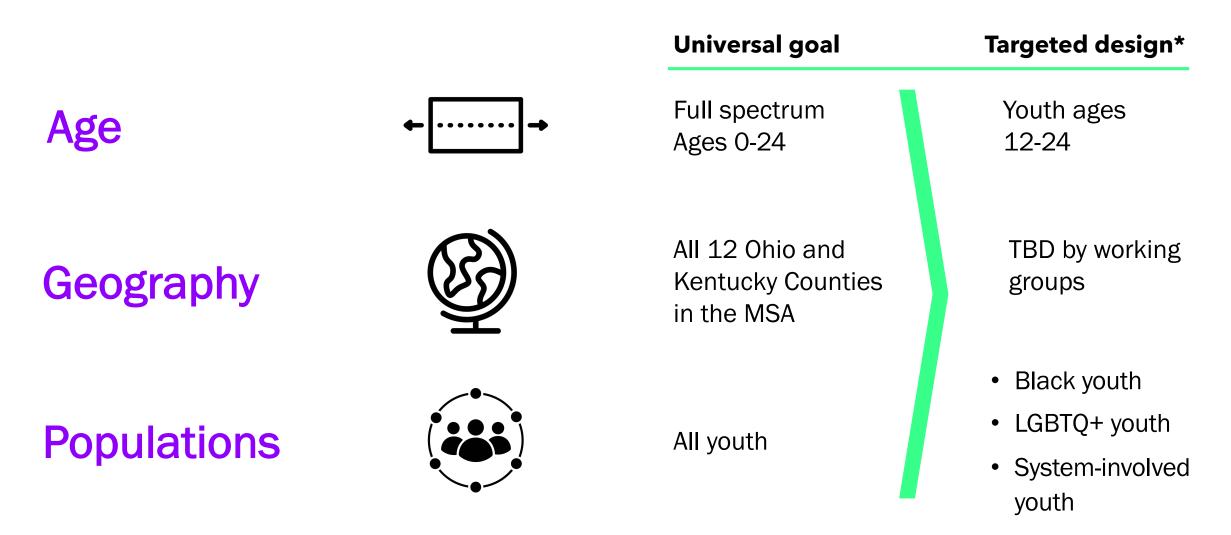
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# **Our 10-Year Strategy**

Vision	The Youth of Greater Cincinnati are <b>valued and supported</b> by the community and <b>have a say</b> in systems that help them achieve well-being					
Mission Guiding	respond to youth experiences and improve their well-being				that	
Principles	Equity Youth Leaders		ship Empathy Learning Collabo		ing Collabora	ation
Impact Outcomes	-	sense of belonging agency	Increased number of true adults in youth's lives		Improved youth behavioral health	
					Treatment	
Focus Areas	Sc	chools	Communities and Careg	vers	Treatment	
Focus Areas	Mental well-bein	g is a central pillar of ucation.	Communities and Carego Communities are safe, connect proactively promote youth wel	ed, and	Treatment All youth can access evider holistic, and culturally respo	
Focus Areas	Mental well-being edu • Mental health & • School environr	g is a central pillar of ucation. & prevention education	Communities are safe, connect	ed, and Ibeing.	All youth can access evider holistic, and culturally respo Care Coordination Care Quality	

# We work to improve mental well-being for all youth and design implementation to address the greatest disparities



A <u>targeted universalism approach</u> achieves **universal goals** by designing implementation strategies that support youth facing the **greatest barriers.** \*Initial design approaches will expand and evolve over time.

**HEY**/ 11

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# Schools | Youth do not always experience school as a safe and supportive environment that supports their mental well-being

## Bullying

"Some rumors started and [...] we were receiving death threats. Being on the other side of [the rumor] was definitely a different perspective." – A

## **Staff Relationships**

" [Adults] say 'you can talk to me' but then [they] don't come across as someone that you can talk to. They'll say that the first day of school, and then after that, they're the cause of half of the issues you have." -M

## **Academic Pressure**

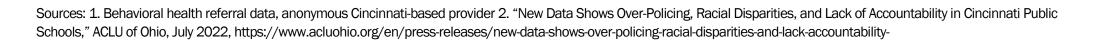


Referrals to care spike in the fall in spring – when new school terms start and student stress mounts<sup>1</sup>

## Discipline



Some students are experiencing harsh punishment for their behaviors. Black students in local public schools are **6 times** more likely to receive out-of-school suspension<sup>2</sup>





**Schools** 

# **Schools | Working Group Strategies**

Mental well-being is a central pillar of education

Goals	Strategies
<b>1. Strengthen mental</b> <b>well-being skills</b> for staff, youth, and caregivers	<ul> <li>Identify and build on existing mental well-being trainings and programming</li> <li>Integrate mental well-being into the curriculum and after-school programming including whole family intervention/prevention activities</li> <li>Build a shared understanding of the state of mental well-being knowledge and skills amongst youth and staff in Greater Cincinnati schools</li> </ul>
<b>2. Promote school</b> <b>environments</b> that foster belonging and connection	<ul> <li>Assist in the creation and implementation of physically and emotionally safe spaces</li> <li>Foster authentic relationships amongst young people, caregivers, and school staff</li> <li>Explore the relationship of technology, phone use, and social media and its connection to building positive relationships and supporting a culture of belonging</li> <li>Shift schools from punitive, exclusionary discipline to more restorative approaches</li> </ul>
<b>3. Increase access to prevention</b> and intervention programs and resources	<ul> <li>Identify current screening practices to build on existing efforts and increase accessibility of mental well-being screening and programming</li> <li>Increase youth and community awareness of resources</li> <li>Expand funding to increase comprehensive school-based services</li> </ul>

The group is focusing initial activities around the highlighted strategies



# **Communities & Caregivers | Many youth do not have safe, connected, community environments with supportive adults**



## **Generational Stigma**

"My dad doesn't believe in mental disorders. He's like, 'the mind is more powerful than all those things. You can overcome anything if you put your mind to it.'" -M

## **Missed Warning Signs**



Only **4% of local parents** surveyed view their child's mental health as worse than good, whereas **39%** of youth report feeling anxious all or most of the time<sup>2,3</sup>

## **Decreased Connection**



Youth do not feel connected to their community, are feeling lonelier since COVID-19<sup>1</sup>,and some struggle with social anxiety

## Lack of Safe Spaces

" [Youth want to have] fun – just a place where they can go and hang out, hear some music, play video games – a place to kick back. 'We don't have a place to kick back,' is what they say." – Local behavioral health provider

Sources: 1. Baah, N., "Young People Are Lonelier Than Ever, Vice, April 2022, <u>https://www.vice.com/en/article/z3n5aj/loneliness-epidemic-young-people</u>; 2. "Greater Cincinnati Child Wellbeing Survey Fall 2017," Interact for Health, November 2017, https://www.interactforhealth.org/upl/media/cwb17\_tables\_v2.pdf 3. "2022 Student Survey, Alcohol & Drug Misuse by Youth in Southwest Ohio," PreventionFIRST!, 2022, https://www.prevention-first.org/media/centers/CPS/Student%20Survey%202022\_Regional%20One%20Page%20Summary.pdf



# **Community & Caregivers | Working Group Strategies**

Communities are safe, connected, and proactively promote youth wellbeing

#### Goals

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feel belonging

1. Build safe, accessible
spaces that facilitate
well-being and resilience
for youth

**2. Equip adults** to promote safety, wellbeing and resilience for youth

Build capacity of parents, caregivers, and other adults who interact with youth to **facilitate safety** for youth and support their **well-being and resilience** 

Strategies

**Define, identify, and resource** existing spaces (i.e., programs, initiatives, forums) where youth

Build adults' ability to navigate mental health systems and generate a shared sense of ownership amongst adults to promote youth mental well-being

Support **conditions and programs** that create safe neighborhoods as defined by youth

especially youth experiencing disproportionate barriers (*i.e.*, *Black and LGBTQ+ youth*)

Invest in replicating and scaling successful safe space programs and initiatives for youth,

**3. Integrate holistic wellness** into the community

- Support efforts to increase community wellbeing and social connection (e.g., game days, cultural events)
- Build **community awareness and solidarity** around youth wellbeing issues and needs
- Support initiatives that promote the **wellbeing of system involved youth**
- Support access to holistic wellbeing supports for families (e.g., basic need programs)

The group is focusing initial activities around the highlighted strategies



#### Treatment

# Treatment | Many youth do not receive compassionate, highquality care from equipped providers

## **Incompatible infrastructure**



There are dozens of different electronic record system among youth care providers in Greater Cincinnati that cannot share data.

## Limited provider capacity



The average tenure of any provider in the field of behavioral health in the U.S. is about **1-2 years**<sup>1</sup>

# Lack of personal connection with youth clients

" [We want to] be understood as people receiving mental health services, having a provider who you can relate to, and you can feel comfy with." – Youth Fellow

# Insufficient cultural awareness and compassion

"I've never been so triggered by a therapist before in my life. She would constantly ask me if I was a lesbian. I'm like, I'm a trans guy... she would always misgender people." – D



# **Treatment | Working Group Goals**

#### All youth can access evidence-based, holistic, and culturally responsive care

#### Goals

**1. Improve care coordination** sothat youth can accessbehavioral health care throughmany entry points with healthinformation that facilitateshealing

**2. Advance care quality** so that youth experience evidencebased, compassionate, holistic treatment

**3. Increase provider capacity** so youth can find providers that share their identities and engage with them as individuals

- A. Refine **client engagement processes** to be more youth-centered (*e.g., inventory intake practices, youth patient advisory boards*)
- B. Identify and explore **data and information sharing systems** and processes that center youth experiences (e.g., *learn about EHR compatibility*)

**Strategies** 

- C. Increase the **availability of and connection to treatment resources** in places where youth already are (e.g., integration with primary care, telehealth)
- A. Identify and resource evidence-based, culturally responsive care and continuing education opportunities to respect and understand the diverse identities of youth (e.g., incentives)
- B. Ensure that **family systems** are considered in treatment to support holistic care for youth (e.g., transportation stipends)
- A. Increase the **physical, social, and emotional well-being** of behavioral health providers so that they can be more present with the youth (e.g., decrease utilization requirements, provider appreciation activities, peer support groups)
- B. Increase resources to **expand and diversify the provider pipeline** so that youth can find providers that share their identities (e.g., *mentorship programs, scholarships*)

#### The group is focusing initial activities around the highlighted strategies





# **Enabling Lever | Advocacy**

### Goals



Connect the voices of youth, families, and others on the ground to leaders and policy makers



Support the collaborative to speak with one, powerful voice on policy issues



Shift public policy affecting youth mental well-being to create sustainable structural change

## **Functions**

- Develop and steward an advocacy scope and platform informed by the work and experiences of members and Youth Fellows.
- Identify opportunities to shift legislation and funding towards strategic priorities and create and execute strategies to capitalize on them.
- Tap into advocacy leaders and policy experts on specific strategies to inform a precise and coordinated approach.
- Build the capacity of collaborative members to engage in advocacy and work with the Steering Committee to mobilize the collaborative around key advocacy opportunities.
- Educate policy makers on the funding, legislative, and social challenges negatively impacting youth mental wellbeing



# Enabling Lever | 10-Year Advocacy Platform

# Prioritize prevention and community-initiated care

- Increase funding and improve policies for safe, youthcentered community spaces.
- Increase mental well-being curricula, resources, and care in schools for students in partnership with providers and staff.
- Support policies that prioritize and address the unique well-being needs of youth from marginalized communities.
- Address the socio-economic barriers that contribute to poor mental health for youth and their caregivers.
- Promote school policies that support a safe school culture and environment, including restorative and trauma-informed approaches to discipline.

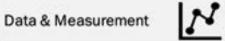
#### Improve parity and reimbursement

- Ensure all children and families have comprehensive and affordable insurance coverage by enhancing policies and **enforce parity** laws for behavioral health care.
- Unlock funding and enhance policies that **build out the continuum of care** needed for all youth.

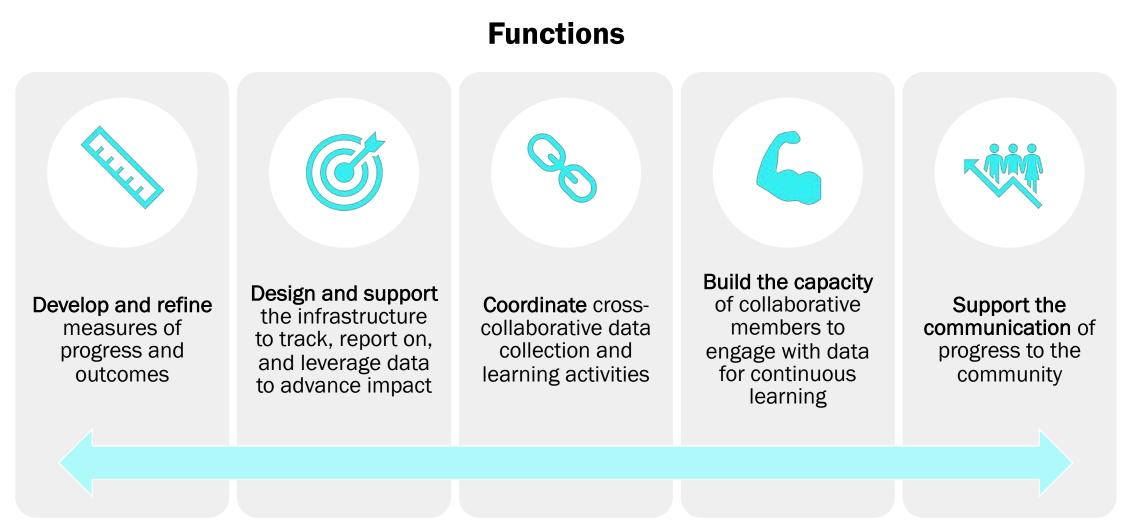
#### Strengthen workforce and care quality

- Strengthen behavioral health services for youth with diverse, trauma-informed and culturally and linguistically responsive behavioral health professionals.
- Improve quality data collection and sharing to respond to youth mental health needs more rapidly.





# **Enabling Lever | Data & Measurement**





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# **Our 10 Year Goals**

Working Group	Potential Long-Term Outcomes*	Community Impact
Schools	<ul> <li>Improved youth sense of safety, accountability, and belonging in the school environment</li> <li>Increased retention and well-being of school staff</li> <li>Decrease in well-being crisis spikes during the school year</li> <li>Increased mental health skills for youth and school staff</li> </ul>	Increased youth sense of belonging and agency
Communities and Caregivers	<ul> <li>Decrease in youth risk behaviors, esp. for Black and LGBTQ+ youth</li> <li>Increased access and utilization of safe spaces, esp. for youth with historically low access (e.g., low-income, Black, LGBTQ+ youth)</li> <li>Increase in adults' mental wellness literacy</li> <li>Increase in number of families equipped to support youth wellbeing and resilience</li> </ul>	Increased number of trusted adults in youth's lives
Treatment	<ul> <li>Increased provider mental well-being, retention, and agency</li> <li>Increased number of LGBTQ+ and Black youth who shared identities and feel safe with their provider</li> <li>Decreased length of time from referral to treatment and to reach successful care outcomes, especially for LGBTQ+ and Black youth</li> <li>Increased capacity of care providers to serve patients, especially multi-system youth</li> </ul>	Improved youth behavioral health

\*HEY! Greater Cincinnati is working to identify key outcomes that support the goals of the working groups and to build the infrastructure to track and report it.

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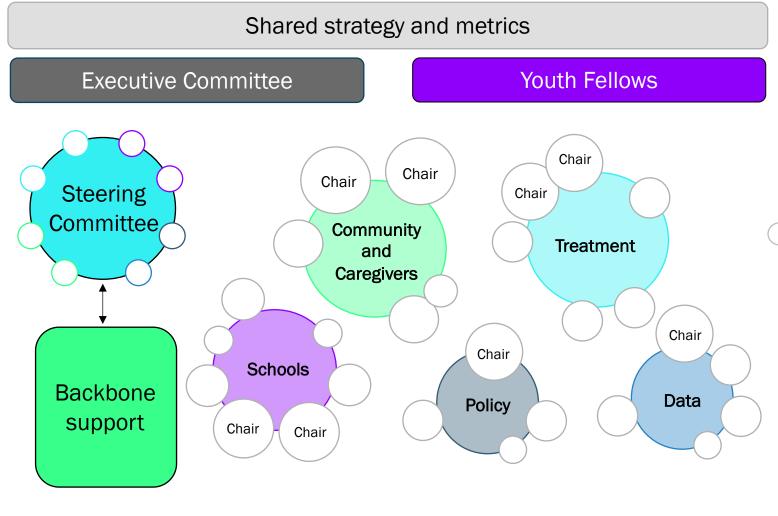
# We use a Collective Impact model to build power with youth through coordinated leadership

Executive Committee: 3 Youth Fellows and 3 Steering Committee members that guide the backbone and troubleshoot challenges

Steering Committee: Working group members, community leaders, and advocates who steward the overall direction of the initiative, ensure alignment, and marshal resources

#### Backbone:

Independent staff to coordinate and align among various groups and foster collaboration. This includes the Executive Director, and any additional staff hired. 2024



Youth Fellows: Twenty-five youth ages 14-26 who guide the initiative's decision making and ensure that it is grounded in the perspective, leadership, and priorities of youth

) = Community Partner (e.g., nonprofit, funder, business, public agency, parent)

Working Groups: Community partners who create specific goals, strategies, and ways of measuring progress for each of the areas elevated in the needs assessment



Funders

# **Centering Youth Leadership**



Pictured: 2024 Youth Fellowship Cohort, Facilitated By:



**Focus Groups:** 60 youth and families guided the community assessment.

Youth Fellowship: 25 youth (of 150 applicants) engaged in a 6-month, paid fellowship to co-create the strategy.

#### Age

14-17:14 18-23: 11

#### Gender

Male: 8

#### Female: 12

Trans/Nonbinary: 5

#### **Lived Experiences**

2 identify as Rural

5 identify as Low Income

4 identify as System Involved

High School: 14 College: 9 Not Enrolled: 2

#### State

School

Ohio: 21 Kentucky: 4

25 identify as having experience with mental health challenges 16 identify as BIPOC 12 identify as LGBTQ+

# **Get involved**

We need YOU to make our vision a reality!

Vision:

"The Youth of Greater Cincinnati are valued and supported by the community and have a say in systems that help them achieve wellbeing"

## Join us!

Learn more about our movement and contact us here





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# **Schools | Working Group Strategies**

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<b>2. Promote school</b> <b>environments</b> that foster belonging and connection	<ul> <li>Assist in the creation and implementation of physically and emotionally safe spaces</li> <li>Foster authentic relationships amongst young people, caregivers, and school staff</li> <li>Explore the relationship of technology, phone use, and social media and its connection to building positive relationships and supporting a culture of belonging</li> <li>Shift schools from punitive, exclusionary discipline to more restorative approaches</li> </ul>
<b>3. Increase access to prevention</b> and intervention programs and resources	<ul> <li>Identify current screening practices to build on existing efforts and increase accessibility of mental well-being screening and programming</li> <li>Increase youth and community awareness of resources</li> <li>Expand funding to increase comprehensive school-based services</li> </ul>

The group is focusing initial activities around the highlighted strategies



## Schools | Goal 1. Potential Strategies

Strengthen mental well-being skills for staff, youth, and caregivers

#### Strategies

1A. Identify existing mental well-being trainings and programming

#### **Illustrative Activities**

- Build a comprehensive list of current trainings on topics like mental health, trauma, suicide prevention, etc.
- Create a shared database of all current resources being used organized by content, geography, and payer source
- Get feedback from youth, teachers, and administrators needs and identify gaps in available trainings

1B. Integrate mental wellbeing into the curriculum and after-school programming including whole family prevention

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1C. Build a shared understanding of the **state of mental well-being** knowledge and skills amongst youth and staff in Greater Cincinnati schools

- Develop a curriculum that prioritizes holistic well-being (e.g., Daily mind-body sessions (physical health, mental health beyond P.E. class, support for music and cultural arts)
- Incentivize after school activities that integrate outdoor activities
- Use school spaces for community gathering afterschool and on weekends (collaborate with Community and Caregivers WG)
- Build on PreventionFIRST! Student Survey and OHYES Survey to include more mental health questions, and broaden school participation across the region
- Support agencies to track student mental health needs and trends over time
- Evaluate knowledge, skills, and understanding (e.g., confidence in reaching out for help, confidence in responding to certain behaviors)



# Schools | Goal 2. Potential Strategies

Promote school environments that foster belonging and connection

Strategies	Illustrative Activities			
2A. Assist in the creation and implementation of physically and emotionally <b>safe spaces</b>	<ul> <li>Work with students to define what connection and safety in school means to them (e.g., schoolwide indoor and outdoor designated safe spaces)</li> <li>Foster gender inclusive school environments (e.g., gender-neutral bathrooms, visible pride flags, use of preferred pronouns)</li> <li>Ensure school promotes and supports diversity of identity (e.g., celebrate historical figures of different identities, wellness spaces meet needs of students and staff with marginalized identities)</li> <li>Implementing staff and students tap in / tap out when they become overwhelmed or need a quick break</li> <li>Advocate at the school board-level for policy change and necessary resources to support technical assistance for school districts moving towards restorative practices</li> <li>Collect data on technology use during school day and consider shift to a focus on in person connection</li> <li>Explore existing school culture surveys and make recommendations for activities for improvement</li> </ul>			
2B. Foster <b>authentic</b> <b>relationships</b> amongst young people, caregivers, and school staff	<ul> <li>Develop youth advisory councils to liaise between students and school staff</li> <li>Train administrators, teachers, and staff to develop positive school culture (e.g., Relationship skills, trauma-informed practices, encouragement, connectivity, proactive positive outreach with families)</li> <li>Create opportunities to build community e.g., – optional groups, spaces, and places where adults practice modeling: share stories and experience of healthy coping with the students</li> <li>Develop tools for youth and staff to navigate social media and technology in a way that supports positive relationships</li> <li>Promote youth led initiatives to improve school culture</li> </ul>			

# Schools | Goal 3. Potential Strategies

Increase access to prevention and intervention programs and resources

#### Strategies

3A. Identify current screening practices and increase accessibility of mental well-being screening and programming

3B. Increase youth and community awareness of resources

3C. Expand funding to increase comprehensive school-based services

- Create a database that includes screeners being used in the school setting including frequency, type, and age range
- Develop and implement regular evidence-based, high-quality early screening trainings across schools systems through capacity building (e.g., consortium of fully-funded trainers, train-the-trainer model, incentives for participation)
- Implement regular screening trainings for all school staff (not just teachers) with on-going coaching support
- Expand on projects that are already in progress and share out resources consistently across service providers (i.e. CCHMC school strategy work, MindPeace, 1N5)
- Use innovative and consistent distribution models to share resources (e.g., QR codes in schools, share resources during summer and spring breaks, regular newsletter to increase salience for parents, social media campaign)
- Expand funding for resource or wellness coordinator in schools to assist families in navigating resources, services, and wrap around supports that may be needed in addition to mental health treatment.
- Incentivize school based mental health practitioners through stipends or other benefits.
- Increase funding for prevention services in schools so that state initiatives like HB 123 can be implemented with fidelity across all schools.



## **Draft Schools Working Group Measurement Approach**

Goals	Strategies	Short-Term Indicators	Medium-Term Indicators	Long-Term Outcomes	
	<ul> <li>Identify existing mental well-being trainings and programming</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More students and staff can easily locate resources</li> <li>Creation of a central portal for training and data capture</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased knowledge, skills, understanding, and awareness</li> <li>Knowledge of brain science increases; more common language</li> <li>More staff equipped to address youth mental health issues; Staff</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease stigma around mental health</li> <li>Increase in early interventions</li> <li>Decrease in health/ mental health crisis spikes during the school year</li> </ul>	
Strengthen mental well- being skills for staff,	<ul> <li>Integrate mental well- being into the curriculum and after- school programming including whole family prevention</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Youth, caregivers, and staff have access to and attend more trainings on prevention and mental health</li> <li>Increase in availability and attendance for extracurricular whole family (intergenerational) intervention/prevention activities</li> <li>Afterschool activities accessible to all students</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>confident in responding to student behaviors</li> <li>More youth and staff are confident reaching out for help</li> <li>Increase in student/staff interactions (both overall and related to mental health)</li> <li>More students engaged in class, school events, and extracurriculars</li> </ul>		
youth, and caregivers	<ul> <li>Build a shared understanding of the state of mental well- being knowledge and skills amongst youth and staff in Greater Cincinnati schools</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased availability of surveys that evaluate mental well-being knowledge, skills and understanding</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Local and regional school-based surveys include more mental health questions</li> <li>Broader school survey participation across the region</li> <li>More agencies track student mental health needs and trends</li> </ul>		
Promote school environment s that foster belonging	<ul> <li>Assist in the creation and implementation of physically and emotionally safe spaces</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More youth-led initiatives throughout the school setting</li> <li>More physical wellness spaces available throughout school that prioritize wellness and promote positive coping strategies</li> <li>More emotionally safe language and policies at school</li> <li>Increased understanding of the benefits and challenges of technology in schools</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More youth participate in clubs and activities outside the classroom</li> <li>More students and teachers report positive work environments/ school culture (e.g., workforce innovation center, HR Safety Assessment, and others)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease staff turnover/ Improve teacher retention</li> <li>Decrease in student peer-to-peer violence/ altercations or "BIG" behaviors</li> <li>Attendance improves</li> <li>More schools are places of safety and accountability and youth feel belonging</li> <li>Decrease in exclusionary discipline practices (behavior referrals, suspension rates, seclusion and restraint, disciplinary infractions decrease)</li> </ul>	
and connection	<ul> <li>Foster authentic relationships amongst young people, caregivers, school staff</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More opportunities for students to connect with peers and adults</li> <li>More ongoing training for staff on wellness and trauma informed classrooms</li> <li>More access to staff resources for assistance when needed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase in number of students reporting that they have a trusted adult at school</li> <li>Youth, staff, caregivers, providers all have more youth-led conversations</li> </ul>		
Increase access to	Increase mental well- being screening access	Increased use of community partners providing screenings	An increase in the number of <b>students screened</b> for mental well- being	• Decrease in treatment for more <b>acute</b>	
prevention and intervention	<ul> <li>Increase youth and community awareness of resources</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased number of <b>partners</b> sharing mental well-being resources in school settings</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased <b>ability</b> of students and staff to refer peers and students to mental well-being resources</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>conditions (due to early detection)</li> <li>Self harm, hospitalizations (tracked by agencies and schools) are decreased</li> <li>Youth survey metrics on mental health</li> </ul>	
programs and resources at schools	Expand funding to increase comprehensive school-based services	Greater <b>awareness</b> and <b>community buy-in</b> about the need for school-based mental well-being services	<ul> <li>More funding available for prevention services and supports for all students</li> <li>An increase in the number of school-based providers participating in new reimbursement models</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reduction in intensity of supports needed for students who have experienced trauma</li> </ul>	

# **Community & Caregivers | Working Group Strategies**

Communities are safe, connected, and proactively promote youth wellbeing

#### Goals

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feel belonging

1. Build safe, accessible
spaces that facilitate
well-being and resilience
for youth

**2. Equip adults** to promote safety, wellbeing and resilience for youth

Build capacity of parents, caregivers, and other adults who interact with youth to **facilitate safety** for youth and support their **well-being and resilience** 

Strategies

**Define, identify, and resource** existing spaces (i.e., programs, initiatives, forums) where youth

Build adults' ability to navigate mental health systems and generate a shared sense of ownership amongst adults to promote youth mental well-being

Support **conditions and programs** that create safe neighborhoods as defined by youth

especially youth experiencing disproportionate barriers (*i.e.*, *Black and LGBTQ+ youth*)

Invest in replicating and scaling successful safe space programs and initiatives for youth,

**3. Integrate holistic wellness** into the community

- Support efforts to increase community wellbeing and social connection (e.g., game days, cultural events)
- Build **community awareness and solidarity** around youth wellbeing issues and needs
- Support initiatives that promote the **wellbeing of system involved youth**
- Support access to holistic wellbeing supports for families (e.g., basic need programs)

The group is focusing initial activities around the highlighted strategies



## **Communities and Caregivers | Goal 1. Potential Strategies**

Build safe, accessible, spaces that facilitate social connection and a sense of belonging for youth

#### Strategies

1A. Define, identify, and resource **existing "safe" spaces** (i.e., programs, initiatives, forums) where youth feel belonging

1B. Invest in **replicating and scaling** successful safe space programs and initiatives for youth

1C. Support conditions and programs that create safe neighborhoods

- Identify and pilot innovative programs that support neighborhood safety for youth (e.g., walking school bus programs that facilitates safe transit for youth back and forth from home to school and safe spaces)
  - hey

- Identify the characteristics of adults and programs effectively creating trusting relationships with youth and facilitating safety and communicate them broadly with leaders of youth-serving organizations
  - Explore disparities in which youth have access to safe "spaces" and disaggregate by neighborhood, race, age, income, and other socio-economic factors
- Provide general operating support to safe spaces and programs, particularly those serving youth with the least access to safe spaces, to help scale their reach
- Identify the characteristics of adults and programs effectively creating trusting relationships with youth and facilitating safety and communicate them broadly with leaders of youth-serving organizations
- Explore disparities in which youth have access to safe "spaces" and disaggregate by neighborhood, race, age, income, and other socio-economic factors
- Provide general operating support to safe spaces and programs, particularly those serving youth with the least access to safe spaces, to help scale their reach

## **Communities and Caregivers | Goal 2. Potential Strategies**

#### Equip adults to facilitate safety, wellbeing and resilience for youth

#### Strategies

2A. Build capacity of parents, caregivers, and other adults who interact with youth to **facilitate safety** for youth and **support their well-being and resilience** 

2B. Build adults' ability to navigate mental health systems, and generate a shared sense of ownership amongst adults to promote youth mental well-being

- Develop targeted education programs to build essential wellness skills (e.g., self care, preventive care, mental health treatment 101) for adults caring for youth, differentiated by demographic group and identity (e.g., by age, cultural identity, gender)
- Partner with community organizations to deliver mental health and wellbeing trainings and resources, and develop adult and peer mental well-being champions and educators (e.g., train the trainer models)
- Support access to free and subsidized education and counseling for caregivers to build their own mental resiliency toolkit (e.g., through Employee Assistance Programs)
- Develop and implement training program that educate families on how to navigate mental health care systems
- Promote utilization of a comprehensive directory of mental health providers by specialty, population of focus, treatment method



## **Communities and Caregivers | Goal 3. Potential Strategies**

Integrate holistic wellness into the community and attend to basic needs that support wellbeing

#### Strategies

3A. Support the wellbeing of youth and families through access to holistic wellbeing supports (e.g., integrated social services and basic needs supports)

3B. Build community awareness and ownership of youth wellbeing needs, and support efforts to increase connection and belonging

3C. Support initiatives that facilitate the wellbeing of **system involved** youth

- Identify gaps in existing community-level mental well-being resources and identify community-based partners with the capacity to fill those gaps
- Build community understanding of where there are critical gaps in basic needs for families and identify partners to fill those gaps
- Connect families experiencing gaps in essential needs (e.g., food, housing, utilities) with social services and community care networks to help meet their needs
- Host cultural events at youth centers for families and leverage as opportunity to use music, dance, and the cultural arts to build connection and educate community members about mental well-being
- Develop adult-youth and peer-to-peer mentorship and connection opportunities for youth to support one another and develop a collective sense of belonging

- Advocate for juvenile courts to have mental health professionals at all hearings
- Restart community courts
- Advocate for increased trauma-informed services for youth involved in the foster system



# **Draft Community and Caregivers Working Group Measurement Approach**

Goals	Strategies	Short-Term Indicators	Medium-Term Indicators	Long-Term Outcomes	
Build safe, accessible spaces that facilitate well- being and resilience for youth	Define, identify, and resource existing spaces (i.e., programs, forums) where youth feel belonging Invest in replicating and scaling successful safe space programs and initiatives for youth	<ul> <li>Increased amount of funding supporting safe space programs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased sustainability of safe spaces (fiscal, human resources, etc.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decrease in youth risk behaviors, esp. for historically marginalized youth</li> <li>Increased utilization of</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Increased number of quality safe space programs and initiatives available for youth</li> </ul>	More youth report having access to a safe third space in their lives		
	Support conditions and programs that create <b>safe neighborhoods</b>	<ul> <li>Increased cross-sector and community dialogue about the importance of safe neighborhoods</li> </ul>	Increase in resources addressing neighborhood safety	safe spaces, esp. for youth with historically low access	
Equip adults to facilitate safety, wellbeing and resilience for youth	Build capacity of parents, caregivers, and other adults who interact with youth to <b>facilitate safety</b> for youth and <b>support</b> <b>their well-being and resilience</b>	<ul> <li>Increased number of adults educated to facilitate well- being and resilience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase in caregivers and families open to discussing wellbeing at home</li> <li>Increase in the number of youth who report having at an adult they can talk to about serious problems</li> <li>Increase number of adults using mental wellbeing and resilience strategies for themselves</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increase in adult's mental wellness literacy</li> <li>Increased trust and communication between youth and adults</li> <li>Decrease in mental health</li> </ul>	
	Build adults' ability to <b>navigate mental</b> <b>health systems</b> and generate a <b>shared</b> <b>sense of ownership</b> amongst adults to promote youth mental well-being	<ul> <li>Increased number of adults trained to navigate mental health systems</li> <li>Increased number of adults participating in initiatives to promote youth well-being in the community</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased caregiver and family understanding of mental health assessment and treatment options</li> <li>Increased number of caregivers who are knowledgeable about low-cost treatment options</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>stigma</li> <li>Increase in number of families equipped to support youth during a mental health crisis</li> </ul>	
Integrate holistic wellness into the community	Support the wellbeing of families through access to <b>holistic wellbeing supports</b> (e.g., integrated social services) Build <b>community awareness</b> of youth wellbeing issues and needs, and support efforts to increase <b>connection and</b> <b>belonging</b> Support the wellbeing of <b>system-involved</b>	<ul> <li>Increased number of community-level youth wellbeing events, forums, and initiatives</li> <li>Increased efforts to increase connection including establishing baseline data on community connection and belonging</li> <li>Increased number of foster and justice-system workers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decreased length of time between social service referrals and families accessing resources</li> <li>Increased accessibility of mental well-being resources for youth within the community/in community spaces</li> <li>Decreased feelings of exclusion between youth and their community</li> <li>Increase in trauma-informed services provided to system-involved youth</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fewer families report inability to meet basic needs (e.g., food and housing insecurity)</li> <li>Increased number of systems involved youth who feel ready for adulthood</li> <li>Increased sense of belonging and connection</li> </ul>	
	youth			in community	

# **Treatment | Working Group Goals**

### All youth can access evidence-based, holistic, and culturally responsive care

#### Goals

- **1. Improve care coordination** sothat youth can accessbehavioral health care throughmany entry points with healthinformation that facilitateshealing
- **2. Advance care quality** so that youth experience evidencebased, compassionate, holistic treatment
- **3. Increase provider capacity** so youth can find providers that share their identities and engage with them as individuals

- A. Refine **client engagement processes** to be more youth-centered (*e.g., inventory intake practices, youth patient advisory boards*)
- B. Identify and explore **data and information sharing systems** and processes that center youth experiences (e.g., *learn about EHR compatibility*)

**Strategies** 

- C. Increase the **availability of and connection to treatment resources** in places where youth already are (e.g., *integration with primary care, telehealth*)
- A. Identify and resource evidence-based, culturally responsive care and continuing education opportunities to respect and understand the diverse identities of youth (e.g., incentives)
- B. Ensure that **family systems** are considered in treatment to support holistic care for youth (e.g., transportation stipends)
- A. Increase the **physical, social, and emotional well-being** of behavioral health providers so that they can be more present with the youth (e.g., decrease utilization requirements, provider appreciation activities, peer support groups)
- B. Increase resources to **expand and diversify the provider pipeline** so that youth can find providers that share their identities (e.g., *mentorship programs, scholarships*)

### The group is focusing initial activities around the highlighted strategies



## **Treatment | Goal 1. Potential Strategies**

## All youth can access care through many entry points with health information that facilitates healing

### Strategies

1A. Refine client engagement processes to be more youth-centered

1B. Identify and explore data and information sharing systems and processes to center youth experiences

1C. Increase the availability of and connection to treatment resources in places where youth already are

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### **Illustrative Activities**

- Inventory organizational intake processes to identify best practices for client engagement
- Increase processes and resources to facilitate collaborative care for youth with multiple providers
  - Support opportunities for **increased awareness of youth experiences** in treatment (e.g., patient advisory boards)
- Learn about regional initiatives focused on shared **EHR systems**, identify leaders in the space, and develop partnerships
- Explore **centralized credentialing process** for insurance and MCOs
- Learn about and support the integration of social services data in health information systems
- **Strengthen communication and relationships with youth-serving institutions** (e.g., school systems, colleges and universities, youth community organizations, youth employers)
  - Explore and promote investment in and expansion of integrated care models and partnerships
  - Integrate telehealth into practices when it is appropriate and supports best-practices
  - Resource trainings to primary care providers to conduct behavioral health screening and referrals



## **Treatment | Goal 2. Potential Strategies**

## Youth experience evidence-based, compassionate, holistic treatment

#### Strategies

2A. Identify and resource evidence-based, culturally responsive care and continuing education opportunities to respect and understand the diverse identities of youth

2B. Ensure that family systems are considered in treatment to support holistic care for youth

### **Illustrative Activities**

- Generate ideas about how to incentivize organizations to send providers to trainings and professional development opportunities by "paying off" or "balancing" the cost in loss of billable hours through financial means or measurable outcomes improvement
- Identify effective gender and sexual orientation and racial awareness trainings to promote across Greater Cincinnati providers
- Create opportunities for youth to lead panels and information sessions to inform training on culturally responsive care
- Support and advance the **existing efforts** to increase the implementation of evidence-based practices (e.g., *PINQ Network*)
- Identify treatment opportunities that promote the involvement of caretakers in treatment when appropriate
   Provide caretakers and families with psychoeducation on mental health, when appropriate
   Increase caretakers and families understanding of intergenerational trauma, when appropriate
  - Standardize processes assess other **needs that may exist for caretakers** to connect them with the right resources, especially low-income families (e.g., transportation assistance, legal services, primary care health services)



## **Treatment | Goal 3. Potential Strategies**

## Youth can find providers that share their identities and can engage with them as individuals

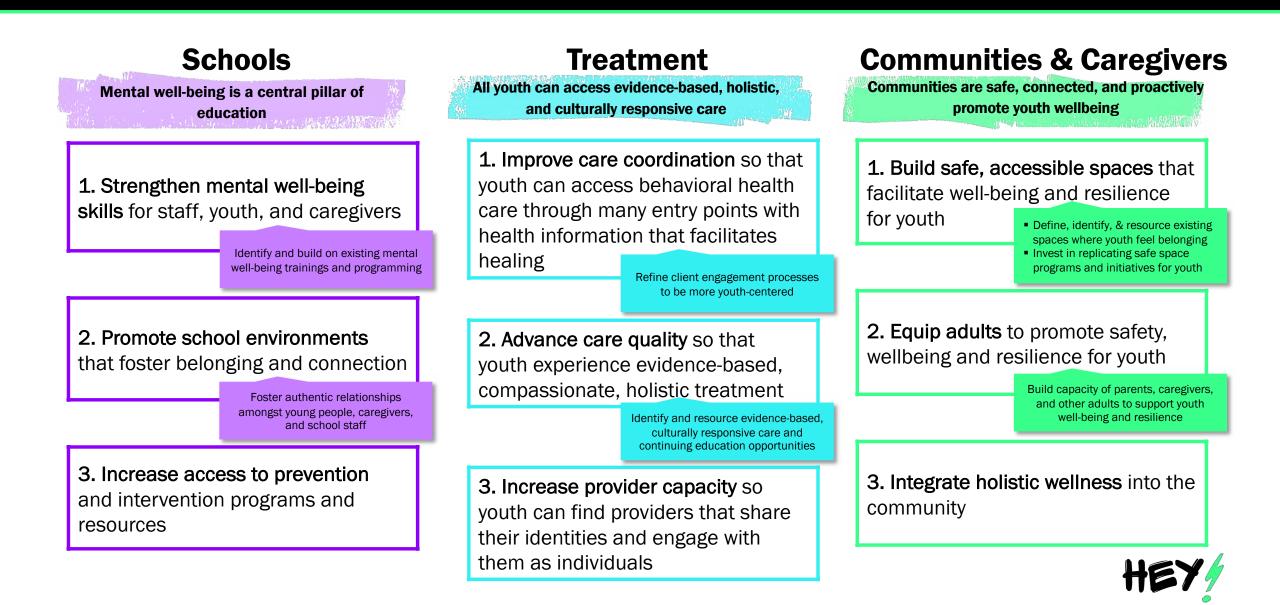
Strategies	Illustrative Activities		
3A. Increase the physical, social, and emotional well- being of behavioral health providers so that they can be more present with the youth	<ul> <li>Explore and pilot the development of provider peer to peer support programs</li> <li>Facilitate conversations and develop plans to increase a sense of physical safety for providers</li> <li>Catalyze provider appreciation activities (e.g., provider appreciation day, provider wellness days, provider celebration gatherings)</li> <li>Support the leadership and development of supervisors and managers (e.g., leadership training and mentorship opportunities)</li> <li>Advocate within and across provider organizations for practices, policies, and approaches that allow providers to utilize best practices to offer personalized care to youth (e.g., sharing personal information when appropriate, setting boundaries and sharing processes during intake conversations, etc.)</li> <li>Host cross-organization provider learning spaces to promote a sense of community, build relationships, and advance learning (e.g., speaker series, youth-led panels, provider panels)</li> </ul>		
<b>3B. Increase resources to</b> <b>expand and diversify the</b> <b>provider pipeline</b> so that youth can find providers that share their identities	<ul> <li>Support the development of mentorship programs for interns, trainees, and young providers</li> <li>Procure funding for scholarships to support students to get licensed</li> <li>Procure funding to pay community behavioral health interns</li> <li>Increase partnerships with local universities to support hands-on learning in the behavioral health field through practicums and shadowing</li> <li>Procure resources for community behavioral health providers to attend high-school career events</li> </ul>		



# **Draft Treatment Working Group Measurement Approach**

Goals	Strategies	Short-Term Indicators	<b>Medium-Term Indicators</b>	Long-Term Outcomes
Increase provider capacity	Increase the <b>physical, social, and emotional well-being</b> of behavioral health providers so that they can be more present with youth	<ul> <li>Increased number of provider organizations offering peer support opportunities to their staff</li> <li>Increased number of managers attending leadership trainings</li> <li>Increased number of provider organizations designing and implementing safety plans</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reduced safety instances for behavioral health providers</li> <li>Increased provider satisfaction</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased provider mental well- being</li> <li>Increased provider retention</li> <li>Increased sense of provider agency</li> </ul>
	<b>Expand and diversify the provider pipeline</b> so that youth can find providers that share their identities	<ul> <li>Increased number of paid internships and scholarships for students</li> <li>Increased number of mentorship opportunities for students/trainees</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased number of students enrolling and graduating in behavioral health education locally</li> <li>Increased retention of interns/trainees</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased number of youth who have providers with shared identities</li> </ul>
Build providers' cultural responsive- ness	Identify and resource evidence-based continuing education opportunities for providers to respect and understand the diverse identities of youth Augment approaches that consider caretaker treatment and/or support, when appropriate, to facilitate healing and well-being at home	<ul> <li>Increased number of providers with gender and sexual identity and anti-racism cultural responsiveness training in the last 3 years</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased incentives and guidance for cultural responsiveness training by provider organizations</li> </ul>	Decreased length of treatment to achieve symptom management
		<ul> <li>Increased number providers offering home-based care options for low-income families</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased number of family engagement specialists</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased number of youth completing treatment who meet definition of treatment success</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Increased youth-led learning opportunities for providers (e.g., panels)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased feedback collection from youth about their care experiences and implementation of learnings</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased number of youth who feel respected by their provider</li> </ul>
	Develop and integrate <b>feedback loops</b> between youth and providers	<ul> <li>Increased number of providers that utilize youth- informed intake processes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased number of youth reporting feeling safe in their first interaction with a provider</li> </ul>	
Improve care coordination	Improve <b>intake processes</b> to build trust and facilitate greater understanding between youth and providers	<ul> <li>Increased number of warm-handoffs between providers for low-income families</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased number of providers who report having access to helpful data from previous treatments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decreased length of time from referral to treatment</li> </ul>
	Refine <b>data and information sharing systems</b> and processes to center youth experiences and increase information flow Increase the <b>availability of and connection to</b> <b>treatment resources</b> in places where youth already are	<ul> <li>Increased collaboration between provider organizations on information sharing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased number of providers who have compatible EHR systems</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased number of new patients served per fulltime</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Increased number of schools, primary care offices, and youth centered places that have resources and connections to behavioral health providers in low-income communities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased number of insurance providers who have streamlined credentialing processes</li> <li>Increased number of integrated behavioral health and primary care providers</li> <li>Increased number of behavioral health screenings in primary care sottings</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>provider per organization</li> <li>Increased number of youth and/or their caretakers who can readily access care</li> </ul>
			screenings in primary care settings	

## Working Group Goal & Strategy Roll-Up: 2024-25 Priorities



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- II. Our 10 Year Strategy and Scope
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  - IV. Enabling Levers: Advocacy Agenda and Measurement
- **IV. How We Work**
- V. Appendix
  - I. Working Group Strategies and Activities

II. Assessment Findings



# Youth in Greater Cincinnati are experiencing increasingly acute behavioral health challenges with limited support

<b>91%</b> of PARENTS view their child's mental health as good, very good, or <u>excellent</u>	#	feela	<u>39% of YC</u> anxious <u>all</u> or <u>mos</u>	
Young people and their families say:		USA	Kentucky	Ohio
"It's a school building full of kids who are depressed. They [adults] say 'you can talk to me' but then [they] <b>don't come across as someone that you can talk to</b> ." - M., African American female, 15-18	Depression Children 3-17, 2021	4%	7% highest rate in the nation	5%
	Death by	29%	28%	53%
"My parents didn't believe in any mental health help or therapy or anything like that or medicine To them that was the same as any type of drug"D., White male, 18+	Suicide 8-year spike in teen (15-19 y/o) suicide, 2012-	increase	increase	increase
"Once we bring up a new emotion or go through a new struggle, they're instantly 'Let's find treatment, let's find cure, let's' No, we need to stop focusing on	2020 Alcohol Use	1 in 4	1 in 4	1 in 3
treatment and <b>focus on getting to the root cause</b> [of] why I may be feeling this way" – E, African American Female, 15-22	Kids who have used alcohol by 8 <sup>th</sup> grade, 2021			<b>30% higher</b> than national average

Sources: 2022 Community Health Needs Assessment; 2022 Student Survey, Alcohol & Drug Misuse by Youth in Southwest Ohio; Mind the Gap; Behavioral Health in Ohio: An Overview of Opportunities; SAMHSA Facts on Underage Drinking; United Health Foundation America's Health Rankings; CDC Youth Risk Behaviors Survey 2021

# The behavioral health system is continuously strained and underfunded trying to meet this increased need

Ohio and Kentucky have some of the worst Medicaid reimbursement rates in the country

Making serving the most vulnerable youth unsustainable for many providers



### Insights from young people and their families

"Marketplace insurance sucks. We pay over \$2,000 a month for bad insurance. You have **to appeal or write letters [to get reimbursed]**. The insurance companies want to exhaust you." – Local parent

"[All the therapists] are booked. Either they don't take our insurance, [or] it's many weeks before [we can be seen]. My friend had a son who threatened to kill himself at school and it was STILL hard to find a therapist for him." – Local parent

"We didn't get [the diagnosis] until after the third mental health hospitalization because my child was experiencing suicidal ideation to point where they made a plan [to take their life]." – Local parent



350%+

85,000+

1,300

1 - 2 years

**Increase in demand** for behavioral health services in Ohio, 2013-19

**Children dropped** from Ohio Medicaid or CHIP during a 6-month period in 2023

Number of young people on a **waitlist** at just <u>ONE</u> large local provider

Average **tenure** of behavioral health providers at an employer



Sources: OhioMHAS; Columbus Dispatch; Health Affairs; Zippia; Anonymous local provider

# Health Inequities

# Amongst Ohio youth, Black youth are facing more risk factors and challenging outcomes

Higher Rates of Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs)<sup>1</sup>

# 61% of Black Ohioans experience an ACE

Compared to 51% and 40% of Hispanic and white Ohioans, respectively (2016)

 Mirrors national data that ACEs are more common for all marginalized groups **16%** of Black Ohioan High Schoolers attempted suicide

Higher Rates of

Suicide Attempts

In the past year, compared to 4% of their white counterparts (2019)

Disparity does not improve into adulthood – Black men are the group that face the highest risk in Ohio Outsized Impact of Discrimination on Mental Health

Young Black Ohioans who experience discrimination are 4x more likely to report frequent mental distress<sup>2,3</sup>

Perception of racial discrimination is associated with emotional, developmental, and behavioral challenges for which treatment or counseling is needed

Notes: 1) ACEs = <u>Adverse Childhood Experiences</u>; 2) Ages 6-18, reported by caregivers, 2020; 3) Frequent mental distress = >=7 out of 30 days reporting stress, depression, and problems with emotions or substance use (substance use omitted for those under 13); <u>Sources</u>: 1) <u>Trauma-Informed Care Implementation Resource Center</u>; 2) <u>Ohio Journal of Public Health</u>; 3) <u>Mind the Gap</u>; 4) Behavioral Health in Ohio: An Overview of Opportunities; 5) Child Trends

2022/24/24

# Health Inequities

# LGBTQ+, low-income, and system involved youth also experience unique challenges

### LGBTQ+

Lack of affirming providers and those employing culturally competent care for LGBTQ+ youth frequently noted as a top concern

 Homeless youth are disproportionately
 LGBTQ+, true in the Cincinnati metro region and the US atlarge

## Low-Income

- Caregivers note
   poverty as a major
   barrier to youth
   mental health
- 1 in 4 young Ohioans under the age of 26 enrolled in Medicaid have a behavioral health condition

## Youth in State Custody

Kentucky and Ohio have high rates of child maltreatment<sup>1</sup> leading to foster care<sup>2</sup>

Per 1000	Child Maltreatment	Foster Care	
USA	49	3.5	
KY	106.6	7.4	
ОН	74.4	4.6	

Notes: 1) NCANDS definition of child abuse and neglect, values represents unique victims; 2) NCANDS datasets from 2018-2021; Sources: Interact for Health Youth 2022 Mental Health Partner Survey; 2) Interact for Health & Cohear Mental Health and Well-Being in Greater Cincinnati; 3) Cincinnati Children's Hospital's 2022 CHNA; 4) Ohio Journal of Public Health; 5) WVXU; 6) Child Trends



# Health Inequities

# Hamilton County has low rates of income and wealth compared to the greater region and the nation<sup>1</sup>

Less favorable			More favorable		
	Hamilton County 1 county area	USA	Greater Cincinnati 8 county area <sup>2</sup>		
Median Household Income	\$57,212	\$62,843	\$68,975		
Home Ownership <sup>3</sup>	58%	64%	71%		
Families in Poverty <sup>4</sup>	23%	19%	17%		
Hamilton's less favorable socioeconomic factors disproportionately affect Black residents					

The Black population comprises 26% of the county compared to 13% of Greater Cincinnati<sup>2</sup>

Notes: 1) 2019 Census data; 2) Data represents Cincinnati Children's Hospital's Primary Service Area, see appendix for further information; 3) Owner-occupied housing; 4) Defined as family with child under 18 and household income under 100% of the federal poverty level; Sources: 1) Cincinnati Children's Hospital's 2022 CHNA



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